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### **FACULTY OF ENGINEERING**

# DEPARTMENT OF POLYMER, TEXTILE AND INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING

#### FINAL YEAR PROJECT REPORT

## INSULATIVE NONWOVEN FROM RECYCLED MEDICAL FACE MASKS AND PINEAPPLE LEAF FIBRES

BY

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A final year project report submitted to the Department of Polymer, Textile and Industrial

Engineering in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of a

B.Sc. in Polymer, Textile and Industrial Engineering at Busitema University

**MARCH 2022** 

DECLARATION
I declare that all the work presented in here is my original
work unless cited and no one has presented it before for the award of any certificate, diploma
or bachelor in any institution of learning.
Signature
Date

#### **DEDICATION**

I dedicated this project report to my brother Wasswa Emmy for the wonderful work, PTI pioneers class of 2017 to 2022, and the entire Busitema University PTI Department fraternity for the wonderful work they did and advice throughout this study period.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

First and foremost, I thank the Almighty God for the wisdom and Devine guidance during the entire life of cycle of this study, it's been His Grace up on me that I have managed to complete it successfully.

To my beautiful and loving family, let me say that has been GOD'S grace for me to finish this course, we all emerge winners since we have been together through it all.

Special thanks to the Department of PTI for the knowledge and skills imparted in me and in a VIP capacity, thanks to my loved:**DR. KAMALHA EDWIN** for the parental love, guidance and support in all aspects.

Lastly, to PTI Pioneers, thanks for the love and never ceasing advice and guidance for the time we have been together for the struggle. "NICE TIME WHENEVER YOU WILL BE"

#### **ABSTRACT**

Recycling is a way to process, the used materials (waste) into new products to prevent waste of potentially useful materials. Textile waste recycling becomes more important phenomenon, bearing in mind the limited availability of resources to produce natural fibres as well as fossil raw materials to make synthetic fibres. Recycled textile waste can be further converted in the form of fibre for filling, recycled yarn, recycled woven fabric, recycled nonwoven fabrics etc. Therefore, the present study has been conducted to prepare nonwoven fabric by use of recycled medical masks and pineapple leaf fibres.

In a singular period, such as during a pandemic, the use of personal protective masks can become mandatory for all citizens in many places worldwide. The most used device is the disposable mask that, inevitably, generates a substantial waste flow to send to incineration or landfill. The article examines the most diffused type of disposable face mask and identifies the characteristic of the constituent materials through morphological, chemical, physical, and thermal analyse

#### **APPROVAL**

This	report	has	been	compiled	and	submitted	under	the	supervision	of	the	following
super	visors;											

Main supervisor
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