# THE EFFECTS OF ELECTRONIC-TAX SYSTEM ON THE LEVEL OF COMPLIANCE AT UGANDA REVENUE AUTHORITY ACASE OF URA, DOMESTIC TAXES DEPARTMENT LIRA

 $\mathbf{BY}$ 

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# A RESEARCH REPORT SUBMITTED TO THE FACULTY OF MANAGEMENT SCIENCES IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT OF REQUIREMENTS FOR THE AWARD OF BACHELORS' DEGREE IN BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION OF BUSITEMA UNIVERSITY PALLISA CAMPUS

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# **DECLARATION**

I, MOLO ROBERT REG NO BU/UP/2017/331, declare that this research report is my original
work and has not been presented to any other institution or university of higher learning for the
award of any academic qualifications. Where it is indebted to the work of others, due
acknowledgement has been made.
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# **APPROVAL**

This is to certify that this research report has been submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of Degree in Business Administration with my approval as university supervisor.

Busitema university pallisa Campus	
Mr. Esuku Joseph	
Signed	

Date.....

### **DEDICATION**

This work is dedicated to my uncles, brothers, sisters and friends not forgetting the wonderful staff of Busitema university who have always been there for me both spiritually, emotionally and for their patience which has enabled me complete and achieve this award.

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#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ASYCUDA: Automated System for Customs Data

HELB: Higher Education Loans Board

IT: Income Tax

PwC: PricewaterhouseCoopers

TIN: Tax Identification Number

UEDCL: Uganda Electricity Distribution Company Limited

URA: Uganda Revenue Authority

VAT: Value Added Tax

WBG: World Bank Group

EARAs: East African Revenue Authorities

EBM: Electronic Billing Machines

ICT: Information Communication Technology

IRS: Internal Revenue Service

PEOU: Perceived Ease of Use

PIN: Personal Identification Number

PU: Perceived Usefulness

SARS: South African Revenue Service

SMEs: Small and Medium Enterprises

SPSS: Statistical Package for the Social Sciences

TAM: Technology Acceptance Model

TRA: Theory of Reasoned Action

#### **ABSTRACT**

The study examined the effect of electronic tax system on tax compliance in Uganda revenue authority domestic tax department Lira district. The objectives of the study were to examine the effects of internet payments system on tax compliance; to examine the effects of electronic billing machine on tax compliance and examine the effects of mobile payment system on tax compliance. The study used a descriptive research design with a population of 60 taxpayers and a sample size of 52 tax payers were drawn from URA staff, district leaders and the business community and data were collected using well designed structured questionnaires. The simple random sampling was used to select respondents especially taxpayers including URA staff, district leaders and the business community since the research is handling a small segment of the tax payers. The findings showed that there was a positive effect of internet payment system at (r= 0. 986; F=1.794; p< 0.01;), electronic billing machine (r=.967; F=719.929; P<0.01) and for trade credit at (r=.983; F=755.929; p< 0.01). Findings revealed that e-tax system has a positive effect on the tax compliance level since its easy for the taxpayers. It was also established that the use of automation of revenue collection system increases the revenue collection hence increase in tax compliance. In conclusion, there is a direct relationship between internet payment system, electronic billing machine, mobile payment system on tax compliance. The study recommends that URA should strongly adopt the use internet payment system to allow tax officers to issue assessments and refunds more quickly and lower corruption by reducing face-to face interactions. URA should strongly emphasize the use mobile tax payment system so that clients can pay tax easily from anywhere by use of their mobile phone. In addition, should be provided to different business enterprises across the country for easily accessible by customers, so that quick service and convenience is maintained hence increasing tax compliance.