



**BUSITEMA
UNIVERSITY**
Pursuing Excellence

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES AND MINING ENGINEERING

FINAL YEAR PROJECT REPORT

**MODELLING WATER DEMANDS AND EFFICIENT WATER USE IN RIVER
MALABA CATCHMENT.**

BY

NAME: WAISWA EMMANUEL

REG NO: BU/UP/2016/631

E-Mail:emmanuelwaiswa6@gmail.com

Main Supervisor: MR. KAJUBI ENOCK

A final year project Report submitted to the Department of Mining and Water Resources Engineering as a partial fulfilment of the requirements for the award of a Bachelor of Science degree in Water Resources Engineering.

2020.

ABSTRACT

The places traversed by Malaba River Catchment in Uganda have been constrained by acute scarcity of water due to the increasing water demands, which is occasioned by the industrial growth, increasing population and changing land uses. This study applied Soil and Water Assessment Tool (SWAT) to assess water supply and Water Evaluation and Planning (WEAP) model to evaluate past trends and simulate current demand scenarios and water management scenarios for the purposes of planning by authorities in regard to future use demand for the period 2015 to 2050 by simulation. The hydrology of the catchment was studied using Soil and Water Assessment Tool (SWAT). SWAT model was calibrated using data from 2002 to 2008 and then validated using data from 2009 to 2013. The model was successfully calibrated with NSE of 0.77 and the R^2 0.79 and for validation with NSE of 0.55 and 0.7 for the R^2 . The calibrated model was then used to estimate the available water resources which was later an input for WEAP model. This study also used WEAP model to forecast demand and analyze scenarios on water use in Malaba river catchment. WEAP model schematic was set to develop current and reference scenarios. Parameters used to run WEAP model were a GIS map of the sub-catchment, Head flow obtained from SWAT modelling and water demand data from NWSC and from the field. High population growth was predicted to increase water demand while reuse though not practiced, was found by the model to be the most effective approach to manage unmet demands as compared to reduced conveyance losses and increased demand management scenarios. The study concluded that water reuse through exploitation of wastewater could be a viable solution to Malaba river catchment water problems.

DECLARATION

I **WAISWA EMMANUEL**, declare that this report is my own, original piece of work and has never been presented by any person or institution for an academic award.

Signature:

Date:

APPROVAL

This is to certify that this final year project research report has been conducted under my supervision and has been submitted with my approval for examination and award for a Bachelor of Science in Water Resources Engineering degree at Busitema University.

Main supervisor: Mr. KAJUBI ENOCK

Sign:

Date:

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I appreciate my supervisor Mr. Kajubi Enock for his guidance during preparation of this report.

DEDICATION

This research is dedicated to my parents,late Katwere Patrick and Mrs.Nabirye Jesca and my lovely brother Mr.Bogere r siblings and relatives for the support they have extended to me in order to attain quality education.

ABBREVIATION AND ACRONYMS

UBOS	Uganda Bureau of Statistics
DWRM	Directorate of Water Resources Management
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization
UNMA	Uganda National Meteorological Authority
DEM	Digital Elevation Modal
HMS	Hydrological Modelling System
HEC	Hydrological Engineering Centre
GIS	Geographical Information System
WEAP	Water Evaluation and Planning Model
DSS	Decision Support System
DSM	Demand-side management
SWAT	Soil Water and Assessment Tool
HRU	Hydrological Response Units Distribution
MCM	Million Cubic Meters
CMS	Meters cubed per second

TABLE OF CONTENT

ABSTRACT	i
DECLARATION	iii
APPROVAL.....	iv
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.....	v
DEDICATION.....	vi
ABBREVIATION AND ACRONYMS.....	vii
CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION.....	1
1.1 Background	1
1.2 Problem statement	2
1.3 Objectives.....	2
1.3.1 Specific objectives	2
1.4 Justification	2
1.6 Significance of the Study	3
1.7 Conceptual framework	4
1.5 Scope of the project	3
1.5.1 Conceptual scope	3
1.5.2 Geographical scope	3
1.5.2 Time scope.....	3
CHAPTER TWO: LITERATURE REVIEW.....	5
2.1 Surface water Resources.....	5
2.1.1 General Overview of Water Resources in Uganda.....	5
2.1.2 Overview of Malaba River catchment.....	5
2.2.1 Water Evaluation and Planning (WEAP) model.....	7
2.2.2 Functions of WEAP	7
2.2.3 Model development.....	7
2.2.4 Scenario analysis approach	8
CHAPTER THREE: METHODOLOGY.....	9
3.1 Description of the study area.....	9
3.1.1 River Malaba catchment	9
3.1.2 Tororo Municipality	9

3.1.3 Tools used in the study.....	9
3.1.4 Methods of Data collection.....	10
3.1.5 Secondary data collection techniques	10
3.1.4 Primary data collection and analysis techniques	10
3.1.5 Datasets used in the study	10
3.2 To quantify the available water within the study area	11
3.2.1 SWAT Model Setup.....	11
3.2.2 Model Sensitivity analysis, calibration and validation	17
3.2.3 Validation	18
3.2.4 Uncertainties	19
3.3 To determine the current and future water demands under different scenarios	19
3.3.1 Data requirements	19
3.3.2 Model set-up	20
3.3.3 Reference scenario	21
3.3.4 High population growth rate.....	22
3.4 To evaluate the impact of water management scenarios on efficient water use.....	22
3.4.1 Demand side management (DSM)	22
3.4.2 Reuse of water.....	22
3.4.3 Reduction of non-revenue water	22
4.0 CHAPTER FOUR: RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS	23
4.1.1 Sensitivity Analysis	23
4.1.2 Water Resources estimation.....	24
4.2 To determine the current and future water demands under different scenarios	28
Current accounts.....	28
4.2.1 Supply (Head flow)	28
4.2.2 Reference scenario	28
4.2.3 High Population Growth Scenario (5.0%).....	30
4.2.4 Climate change variable scenario	Error! Bookmark not defined.
4.3 Evaluate the impact of various water management scenarios on efficient water use.	31
4.3.1 Demand management programs scenario.....	31
4.3.2 Reuse of water scenario	32
4.3.4 Reduction of non-revenue water	33

CHAPTER FIVE: CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.....	35
5.1 Conclusion	35
5.2 Recommendations	36
REFERENCES.....	37

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1: showing conceptual framework	4
Figure 2: Showing methodology of objective 1	12
Figure 3: Showing malaba river DEM.....	13
Figure 4: showing spatial distribution of land use in the sub-basin	14
Figure 5: Showing malaba soil map	15
Figure 6: Showing malaba slope map	17
Figure 7: Showing Malaba WEAP model	21
Figure 8: Showing malaba river catchment calibration	25
Figure 9: Showing malaba river catchment validation	26
Figure 10: A graph showing average monthly rainfall	27
Figure 11: graph of average monthly headflow	28
Figure 12: A graph showing unmet demands of different demand sites	30
Figure 13: A graph showing the comparison between high population growth scenario and reference scenario	31
Figure 14: A graph showing effect of the implementation of DSM on unmet demand with comparison to reference scenario	33
Figure 15: A graph showing effect of the implementation of reuse of water on unmet demand with comparison to reference scenario	34
Figure 16: A graph showing the effect of reduction of non-revenue water on unmet demands with comparison to reference scenario	35
Figure 17: Graphs showing comparison of comparison of different water management measures with reference scenario	36

LIST OF TABLES.

Table 1 Showing tools used in this study:	9
Table 2: Showing different datasets used in this study	11
Table 3: Showing different land uses and there percentages	14
Table 4: Showing calibration parameters.....	24

Table 5: showing water resources estimation in the catchment	26
Table 6: Showing water balance ratios	27
Table 7: Increasing water demand under Reference Scenario across entire malaba Catchment	28
Table 8:Showing unmet demands of different demand sites	30
Table 9: Increasing water demand under high population growth Scenario across entire malaba Catchment	30
Table 10: Showing unmet demands under climate change variable scenario.....	31
Table 11: Showing effect of the implementation of DSM on unmet demand with comparison to reference scenario	32
Table 12: Showing the effect of the implementation of reuse of water on unmet water demands with comparison to reference scenario	33
Table 13: Showing effect of the reduction of non-revenue water on unmet demand with comparison to reference scenario:	34