

## POVERTY AND DOMESTIC VIOLENCE IN UGANDA: A CASE STUDY OF

## GOGONYO PARISH, GOGONYO SUB COUNTY IN

PALLISA DISTRICT

BY

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## THE AWARD OF A BACHELOR'S DEGREE OF PUBLIC

## ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT OF

**BUSITEMA UNIVERSITY** 

JULY, 2024

### DECLARATION

This is to certify that this research proposal has been written by KABASA WINNEY **DEBORAH** under my supervision and is now ready for submission to the Department of Economics and Management, Faculty of Management Sciences as a partial fulfilment of the requirement for the award of a Bachelor's degree in Public Administration and Management of Busitema University.

Date 16 19 07/2024

MR. KANGAWO JOEL

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UNIVERSITY SUPERVISOR

#### APPROVAL

This is to certify that this research proposal has been written by KABASA WINNEY **DEBORAH** under my supervision and is now ready for submission to the Department of Economics and Management, Faculty of Management Sciences as a partial fulfilment of the requirement for the award of a Bachelor's degree in Public Administration and Management of Busitema University.

Signature ... KEE '

Date 16 19 07/2024

MR. KANGAWO JOEL

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### DEDICATION

I warmly dedicate this research proposal to my beloved brother Mr. Adakun Walter Zadok and my mother Mrs. Aitwi Catherine plus my siblings for their financial, moral and spiritual support rendered to me during this demanding time of the study, plus the sacrifice and patience they exhibited towards me during my time of study.

I also dedicate this work to my supervisors Mr. Kangawo Joel and Mr. Emusugut Desterio for the great support, advice and knowledge shared during this study.

I dedicate this work to my classmates also for their efforts towards the success of this study.

May the Almighty God reward you abundantly in Jesus' name, Amen.

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# LIST OF ACRONYMS

CBOS	Community Based Organizations
CVI	Content Validity Index
GDPR	General Data Protection Regulation
IPV	Intimate Partner Violence
SPSS	Statistical Product of Social Scientists
WHO	World Health Organization
UBOS	Uganda Bureau of Statistics
UDHS	Uganda Demographic and Health Survey

### ABSTRACT

The study will be conducted to examine the impact of poverty on domestic violence particularly in Gogonyo Parish, Gogonyo Sub County, Pallisa District in Uganda and it will be based on three specific objectives; to establish the impact of income poverty on domestic violence and to establish the effect of chronic and transitory poverty on domestic violence. The study will adopt a cross-sectional research design, both quantitative and qualitative approaches will be used to test the causal relationship and predictive power of the independent variable on dependent variable. Data will be collected from a population comprising of Local Council Leaders, Community Based Organizations and Ordinary Community Members with accessible unit of inquiry being 40 respondents of Gogonyo Parish, using purposive and convenience sampling techniques. Data will be collected using closed ended questionnaire and semi structured interview guide, entered in SPSS version 20 and will be analyzed using descriptive statistics that is frequencies, and correlation, regression and themes results obtained.

#### **CHAPTER ONE**

### **INTRODUCTION**

### **1.0 Introduction**

This chapter consists of the back ground of the study, statement of the problem, purpose of the study, research objectives, research questions, and scope of the study, conceptual framework, the significance of the study and the definition of key terms.

#### **1.1 Background of the Study**

Domestic violence is a serious issue that encompasses various forms of abuse within intimate relationships. It involves the intentional use of physical force or power, whether threatened or actual, that can result in harm, injury, or death (Adjah & Agbemafle, 2016). One prevalent form of domestic violence is Intimate Partner Violence (IPV), which includes intimate partner that causes physical, psychological, or sexual harm to the individual involved (Deri beet al., 2012). Research has shown that domestic violence can significantly impact the quality of the life of victims, especially during challenging times such as the Covid 19 pandemic (Naghizadeh et al., 2021).

Globally, Domestic violence against women is a global issue that has existed for a long time in virtually every country. World Health Organization. (WHO, 2021), 30% of the women world word had experienced violence. In addition, nearly one- third of woman between the age of 15 and 49 who had been in relationship had experienced physical or sexual violence. In Turkey, based on the data of Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development,38% of the experienced physical and sexual violence by their intimate in 2019.

In Sub-Sahara Africa, Agbo & Choji (2018) in Nigeria, the survey also found a nationwide increase in domestic violence in the past three years from 21 percent in 2015 to 30 percent in 2017 where a mother of one reported her ordeal in the hands of her husband who constantly was hitting and beating her whenever he was drunk and she lost two pregnancies as a result of his brutality.

In East Africa, about one third of African women report to have experienced domestic violence (Bacchus et al., 2016). In Kenya, domestic violence is evidenced as over 89% of women experienced physical violence perpetrated by their spouses (Hossain et al. 2020). Scholars such as Bitrus –Ojiambo and King'ori (2016) and some media house in Kenya have

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